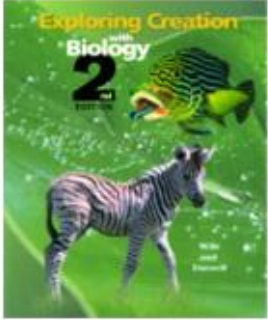




M06 L4 How Cells Produce Energy

Thursday, March 05, 2009
11:30 AM

VoiceThread	http://voicethread.com/share/248704/
Cmap	http://cmapspublic2.ihmc.us/rid=1161044542275_1575087030_6478/Cellular%20Respiration.cmap

35 minute delivery in a live class

Slides	Notes
 <p>Module 06: The Cell</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Lecture 1: Cellular StructureLecture 2: Cellular Transport System Lecture 3: How Cells Produce EnergyLecture 4: Protein SynthesisLab DayInteractive Practice	<p>Have the students watch the video at http://multimedia.mcb.harvard.edu/ to get an idea of the active movement that they couldn't see from the slides.</p>
 <ul style="list-style-type: none">GlycolysisKrebs CycleElectron Transport SystemSummary	<p>Start glycolysis which is followed by the others</p>

Chemical bonds store potential energy

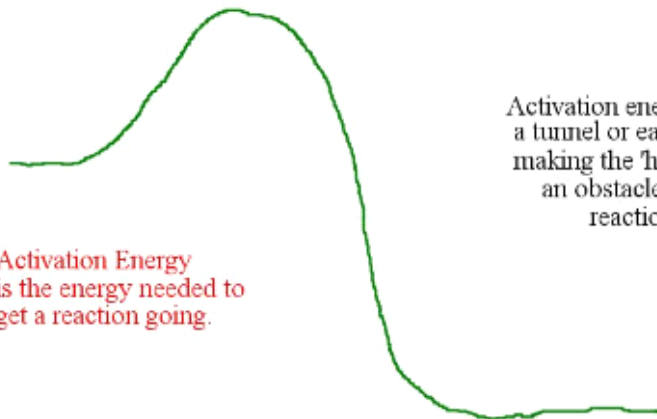


Glycolysis 'sugar-breaking'

Enzymes (catalysts) and activation energy



Activation energy is like a match.



Activation Energy
is the energy needed to
get a reaction going.

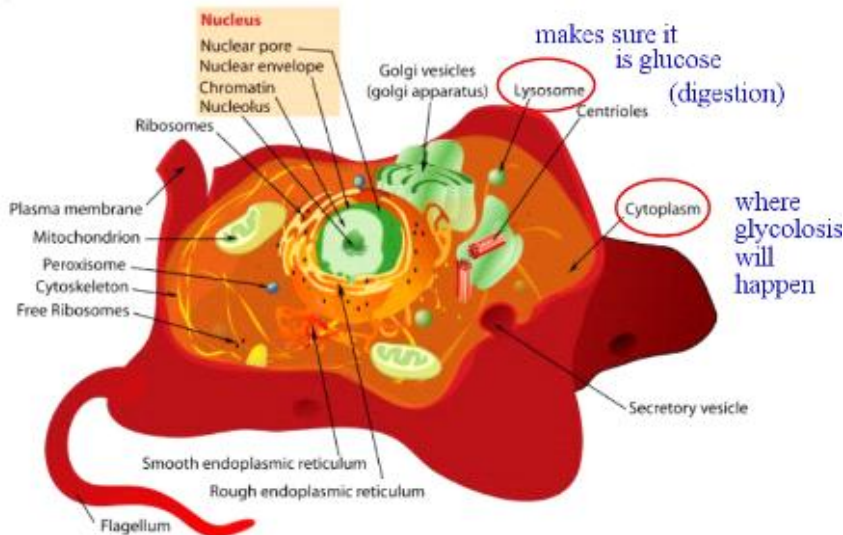
Activation energy is like
a tunnel or earth mover
making the 'hill' less of
an obstacle to the
reaction.

Once the activation energy gets the process started, the burning needs to be controlled.



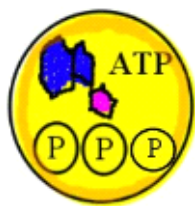
Enzymes not only keep the whole process going, they also work to control the reactions so they do not happen too fast/strong and destroy the cell nor do they happen too slow and cause the cell to starve for energy.

No oxygen - anaerobic reactions



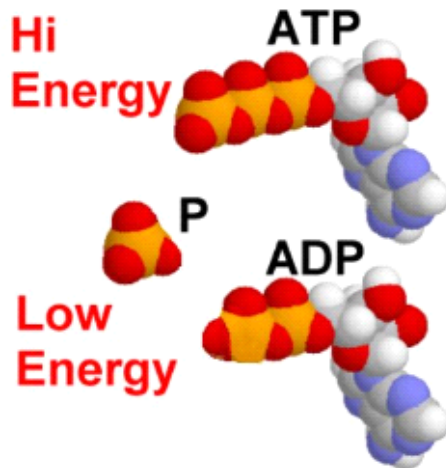
Where does glycolysis happen?

Cytoplasm (lysosome may need to do some digestion too)



The energy coinage of the cell

energy package - ATP



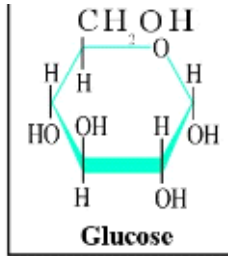
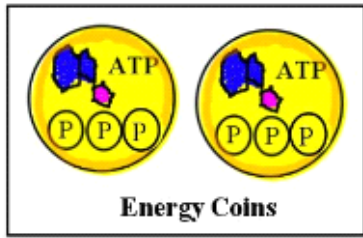
ATP is the coinage of the cell (talk about the coinage analogy - Bartering before money - ATP is something that can be used in all cells and all living things.

ATP short for adenine triphosphate

Tri means three - notice three Ps

Cannot spend it again - you spend the phosphate and got energy

ATP to ADP



Process starts here

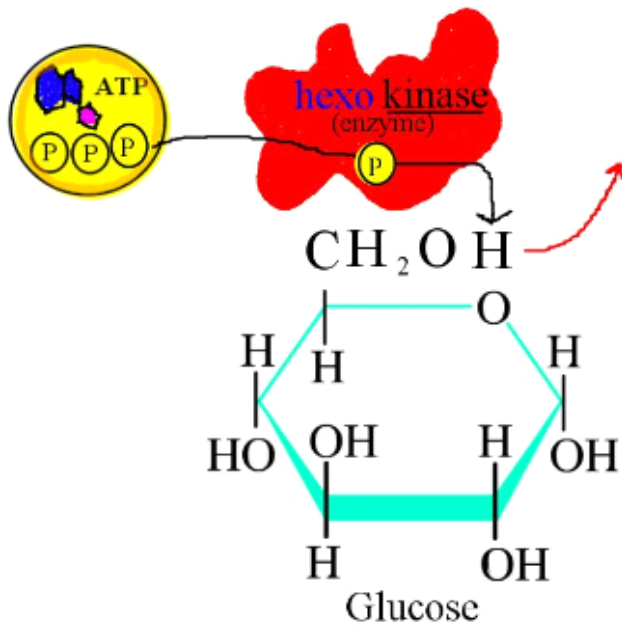
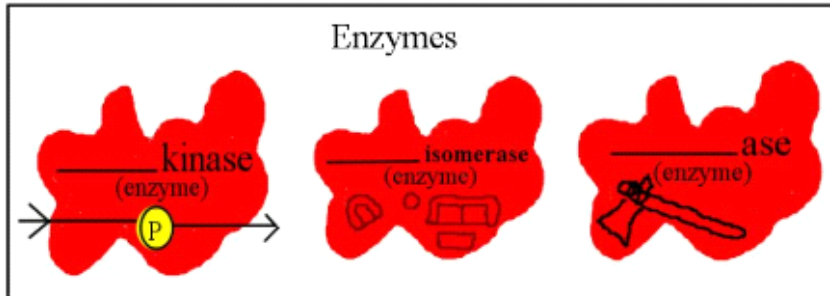
You have to put in energy (2 ATPs) to make energy - NEED THESE THINGS TO GET STARTED - like investing

Talk about jobs of enzymes

Kinase - transfers P

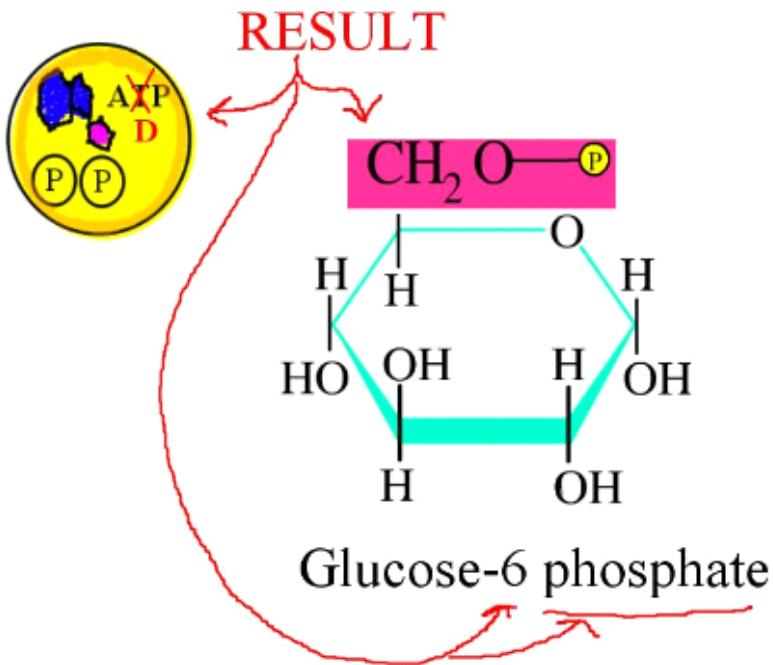
Isomerase - re arranges

Ase - cuts it off

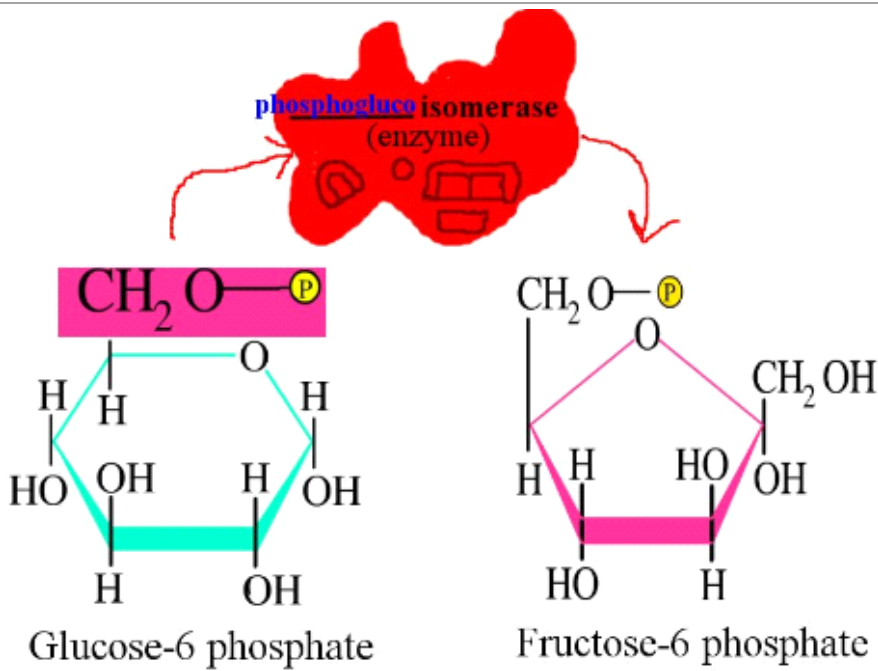


STEP 1

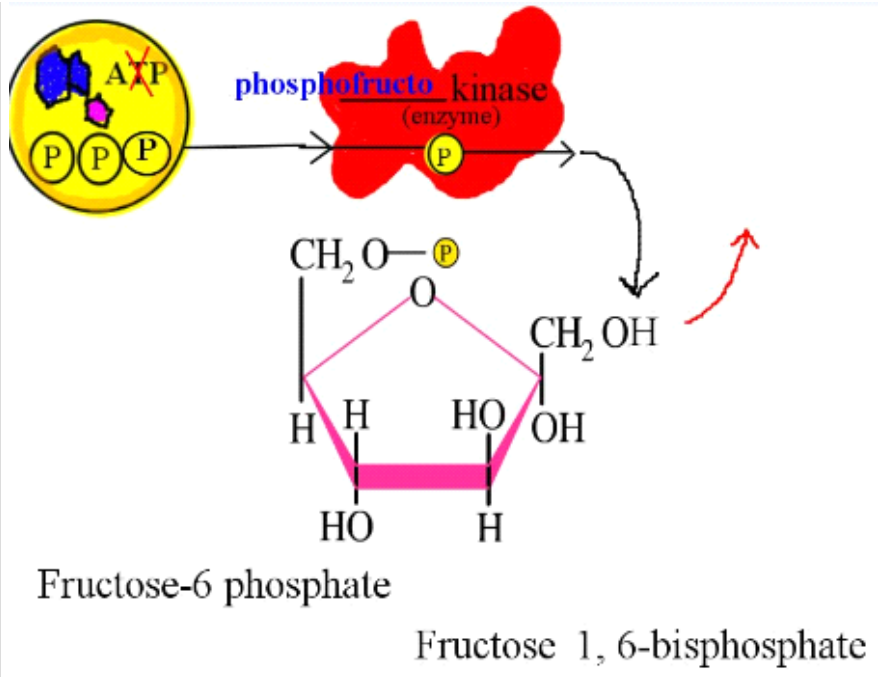
The P will replace a hydrogen



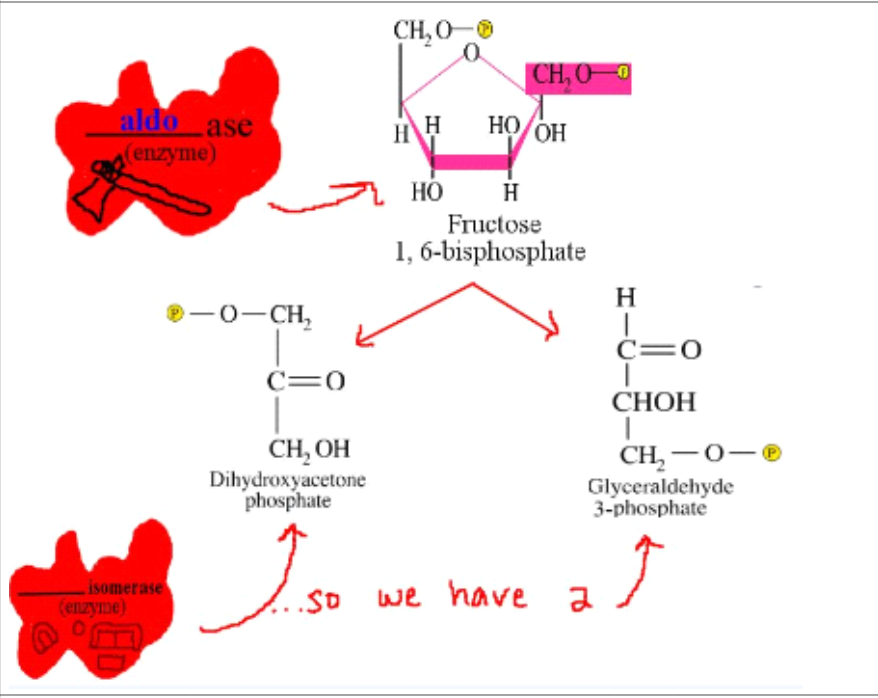
Result



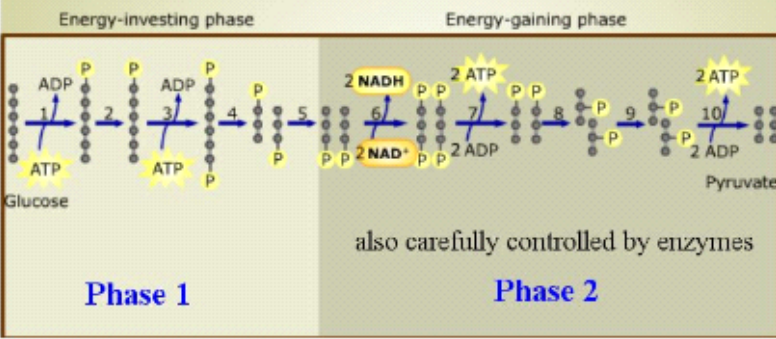
Same number of each atoms, but rearranged



2nd coin gets spent - Adds a p in and removes an H



The Net Yield of Glycolysis



So far, in phase 1, we have spent 2 ATP coins and gotten no net gain...

... Phase 2 will remedy the bankruptcy problem.

phase 2 profit

2 ATP + 2 NADH + 2 Pyruvate

each NADH is worth 3 ATP (savings bonds)

Phase 1 done

Spent two coins and didn't get any coins out of it.

Echa step has its own enzyme. I will no longer talk about the enzymes, but now you realize enzymes at each step.

Phase 2 remedies the bankruptcy.

NADP is equal to 3 ATPs but in savings not spendable

Look at total profit.



SPRINTER

Anaerobic Fermentation

2 pyruvate
2 lactate + 2 NAD⁺
lactic acid

drops pH muscle fatigue, cramps, and soreness

less mitochondria
Sprinters have a higher percentage of muscle cells that process anaerobically than ...

If there is not enough oxygen the pyruvate will not go to the mitochondria



MARATHONER

Aerobic



more mitochondria



Glycolosis



Krebs Cycle

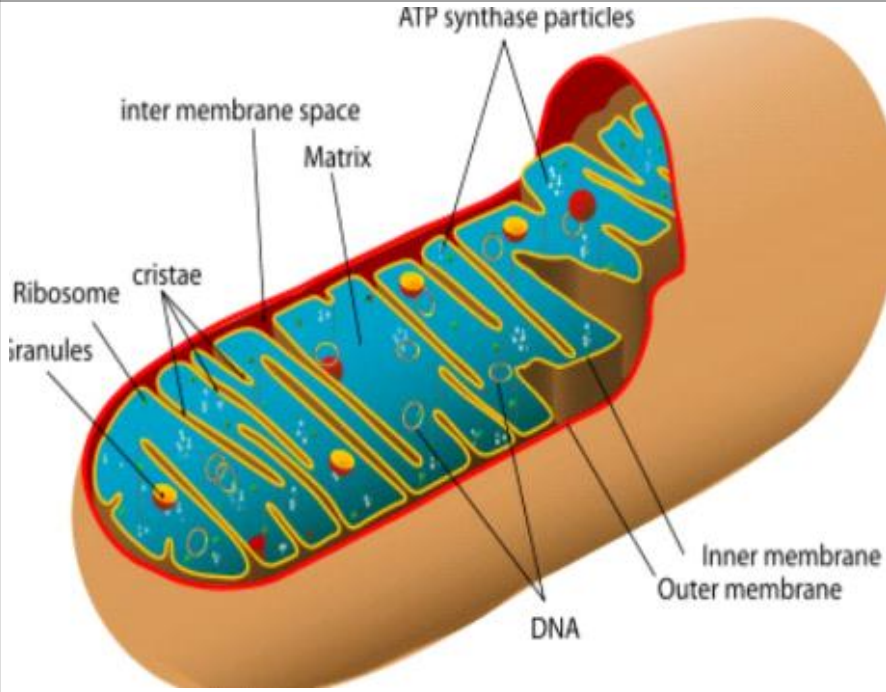
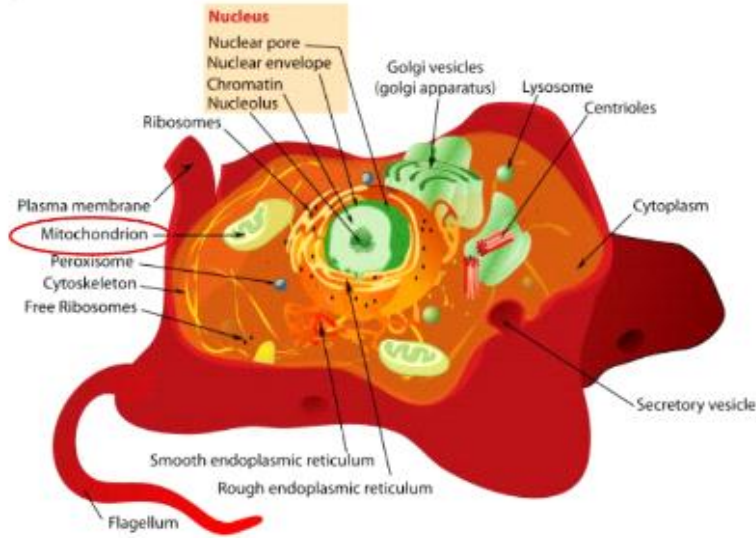
Electron Transport System

Summary

Kreb's Cycle happens in the mitochondria

oxygen - aerobic reactions

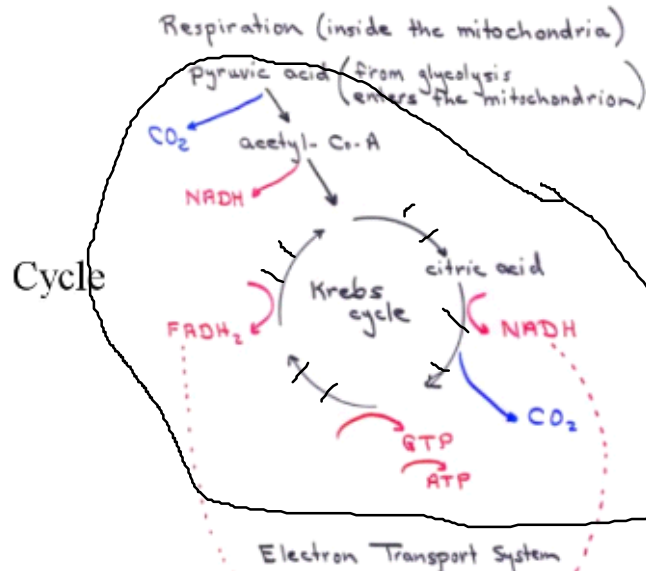
Location - mitochondrion



Mitochondria has DNA!

Just go over anatomy on this slide
Matrix, inner membrane space

Krebs
Citric Acid
TCA



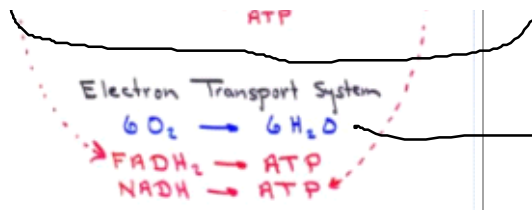
Is more complicated but this is fine

Some texts will call it Krebs and some Citric acid cycle or TCA

Note the Pyruvate fits in here

See the CO2?

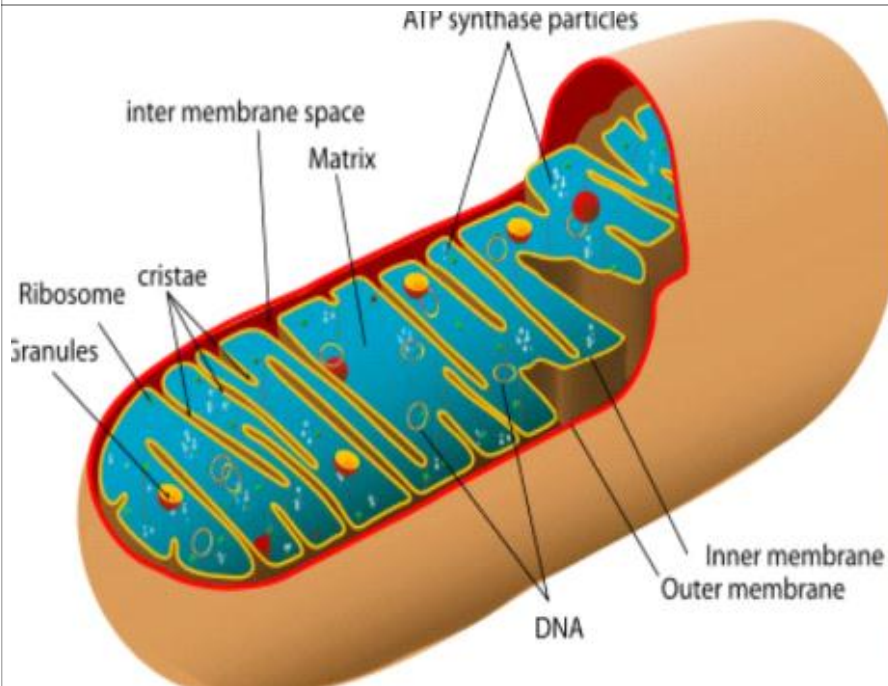
Krebs



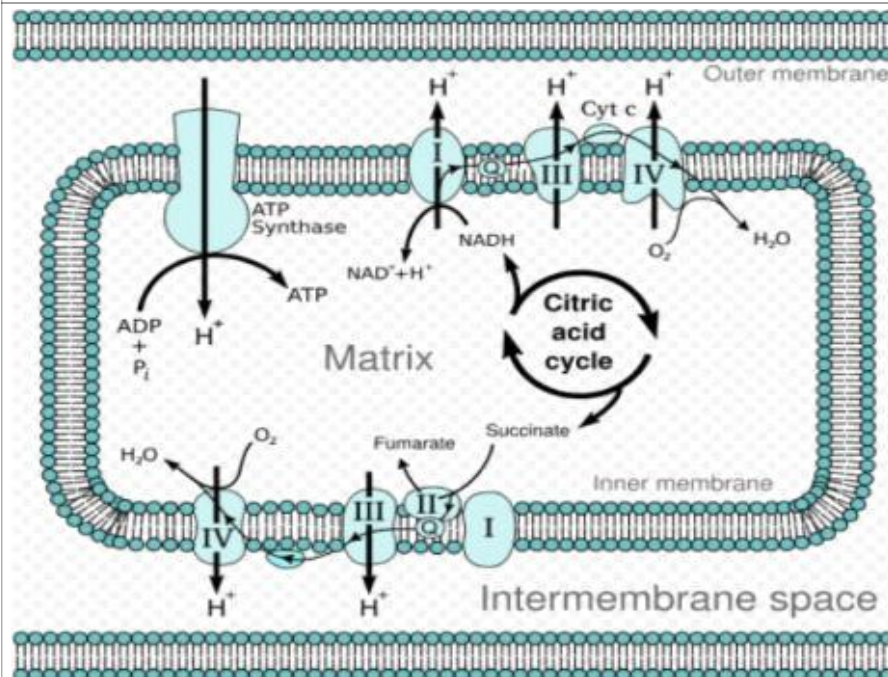
→ next step coming up

Glycolysis
Krebs Cycle

👉 Electron Transport System
Summary



Also happens in the mitochondrion



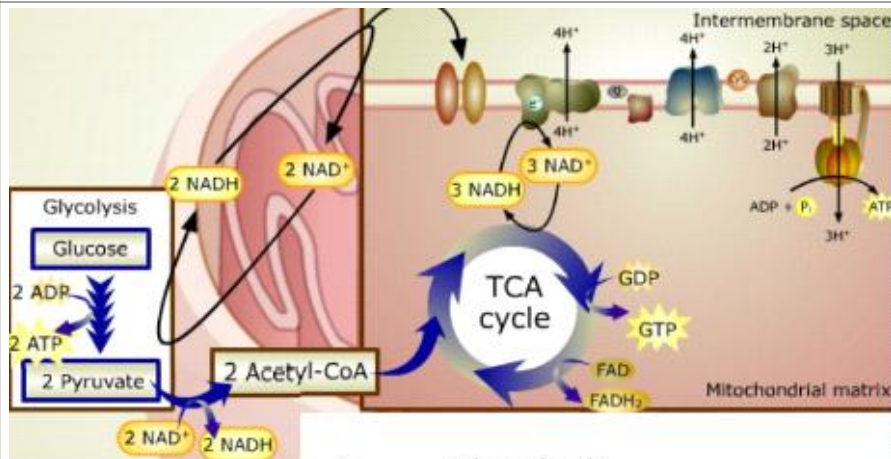
Simplified diagram to show where it happens

Glycolysis

Krebs Cycle

Electron Transport System

👉 Summary



ROI

8	Glycolysis
6	Krebs Cycle
+ 24	Electron Transport System
<hr/>	
38	Total



- 8am: <http://www.virtualhomeschoolgroup.com/course/view.php?id=20>
 9am: <http://www.virtualhomeschoolgroup.com/mod/quiz/view.php?id=10903>
 2:30: <http://www.virtualhomeschoolgroup.com/mod/quiz/view.php?id=13909>
 2011/12: <http://www.virtualhomeschoolgroup.com/mod/quiz/view.php?id=18288>